

## Advanced Algorithms UE 1

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Group 5

### Exercise 1.1 (Algorithm for maximum weight bipartite matching)

For the weighted bipartite graph given below and for each  $k \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ , compute a maximum weight matching  $M_k$  of cardinality  $k$ .

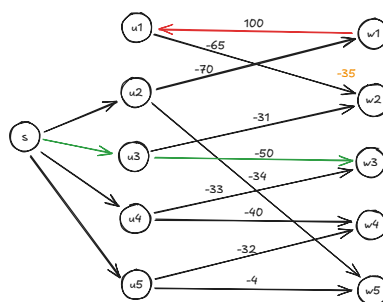
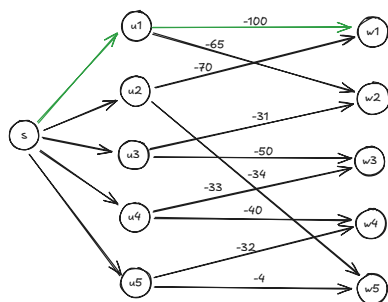
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Red = edges in matching

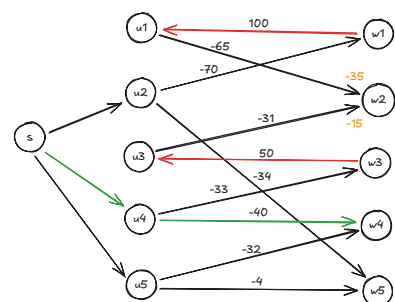
Green = current shortest path

Yellow = value of longer possible paths

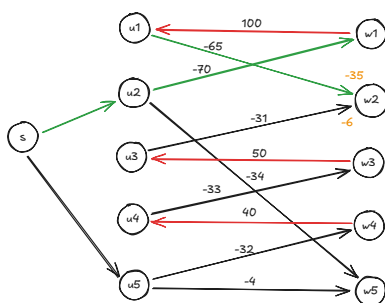
Next time, please briefly describe your intermediate steps



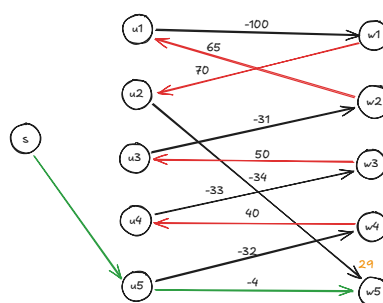
$c(M_1) = 100$



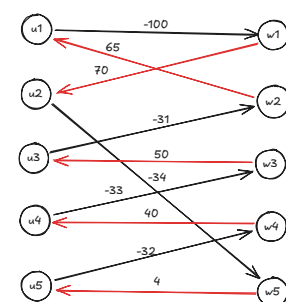
$c(M_2) = 150$



$c(M_3) = 190$



$c(M_4) = 225$



$c(M_5) = 229$  230 instead of 229

There is a shortest path  $(u_5, w_4, u_4, w_3, u_3, w_2, u_1, w_1, u_2, w_5)$  with cost -5 instead of -4.

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### Exercise 1.2 (Improved running time for maximum weight bipartite matching)

Prove the following theorem from the lecture:

We can compute a maximum-weight matching in a bipartite graph

in time  $O(n' \cdot (|E| + |V| \log(|V|)))$ , where  $n'$  is the minimum size of a maximum-weight matching.

## Given

- bipartite graph  $G = (V, E, c)$
- directed Graph  $D_M$
- set of exposed vertices  $R_M \subseteq R$
- the maximum weight matching  $M$  with no  $s - R_M$  path in  $D_M$  with negative length

## Task

Let  $k := |M|$  be the cardinality of  $M$

Let  $M_n$  be a maximum matching in  $G$  of cardinality  $n \in k..|\frac{V}{2}|$  Wrong notation.

proof that  $c(M_n) \leq c(M)$

## Proof by induction over n

Start  $n = k$

$$M = M_n \rightarrow c(M) = c(M_n)$$

( $M$  and  $M_k$  are equal so this is obviously true)

Step  $n' = n + 1$

Let  $P$  be a  $s - R_{M_n}$  path in  $D_{M_n}$

Let  $P'$  be the shortest  $s - R_{M_n}$  path in  $D_{M_n}$

Let  $c(P) := \sum_{e \in P} c(e)$  (The sum of all weights of a path also referred to as the length.)

## Observation

$c(M_{n'}) = c(M_n) - c(P')$  (The weight of the matching always increases by the negative weight of the shortest path. I have not <sup>proven</sup> this further futher as it seems obvious. I hope this is fine. I did not really know how formal the proof should be.) Yes, be a bit more detailed next time. -1

$c(M_{n'}) \leq c(M_n)$  because  $c(P) \geq 0$

How do you now get the desired runtime? -1

## Exercise 1.3 (Algorithm for the assignment problem)

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Prove the following theorem from the lecture:

We can compute a minimum-weight perfect matching in a bipartite graph in time  $O(|V| \cdot (|E| + |V|\log(|V|)))$ .

### Given

- bipartite graph  $G = (V, E, c)$

### Task

1. Show how to perform the minimum-weight perfect matching in a bipartite graph
2. Proof that it has a runtime of  $O(|V| \cdot (|E| + |V|\log(|V|)))$

### 1. Show by reduction to maximum weight matching

Let  $C := \max(c(e)) \forall e \in E$

Let  $c'(e) := C - c(e)$

Let  $G' := (V, E, c')$

Perform the first and second step of maximum weight matching on  $G'$ .

Let  $S$  be the set of computed matchings from the second step.

Let  $k := \frac{|V|}{2}$

Let  $M$  be the matching in  $S$  with cardinality  $k$ . ✓

$M$  is the minimum-weight perfect matching in  $G$ .

Proof:  $M$  exists in  $S$

A maximum weight matching of  $G$  could be of cardinality  $k$  therefore the  $S$  must contain  $M$ .

Proof:  $M$  is a perfekt matching

$M$  is of cardinality  $k$ .

Proof:  $M$  is a minimum-weight matching

Observation

$$\sum_{e \in M} c'(e) = C \cdot |M| - \sum_{e \in M} c(e)$$

$\sum_{e \in M} c(e)$  is the maximum weight of all perfect matchings.

If the maximum value is subtracted from a constant value the resulting value is the minimum. Because both sums are over the same matching, ✓

$\sum_{e \in M} c'(e)$  is the minimum weight of all perfect matchings.

->  $M$  is a minimum-weight matching

**2. Proof that its runtime is  $O(|V| \cdot (|E| + |V| \log(|V|)))$**



Steps	Runtime
Let $C := \max(c(e)) \forall e \in E$	$O(E)$
Perform maximum weight matching	$O(\ V\  \cdot (\ E\  + \ V\  \log(\ V\ )))$

All other steps have a runtime of  $O(1)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} &O(|V| \cdot (|E| + |V|\log(|V|)) + E) \\ \Rightarrow &O((|V| + 1) \cdot (|E| + |V|\log(|V|))) \\ \Rightarrow &O((|V|) \cdot (|E| + |V|\log(|V|))) \end{aligned}$$

## Sources

The idea for  $C$  I got from here:

<https://www.cse.iitd.ac.in/~naveen/courses/CSL851/lec4.pdf> (10.4.25, 22:09)